

Local Civil Rule 83.9. Alternative Dispute Resolution (Southern District Only) [formerly Local Civil Rule 83.12]

(a) **Definition** Mediation is a form of alternative dispute resolution. In mediation, parties and counsel meet, sometimes collectively and sometimes individually, with a neutral third party (the mediator) who has been trained to facilitate confidential settlement discussions. The parties articulate their respective positions and interests and generate options for a mutually agreeable resolution to the dispute. The mediator assists the parties in reaching their own negotiated settlement by defining the issues, probing and assessing the strengths and weaknesses of each party's legal positions, and identifying areas of agreement and disagreement. The main benefits of mediation are that it can result in an expeditious and less costly resolution of the litigation, and can produce creative solutions to complex disputes often unavailable in traditional litigation.

(b) **Administration**

- (1) The Mediation Supervisor, appointed by the Clerk of the Court, shall administer the Court's mediation program. The Chief Judge shall appoint one or more District Judges or Magistrate Judges to oversee the program.
- (2) The Mediation Supervisor, in consultation with other Court personnel, shall ensure that information about the Court's mediation program is available on the Court's website which will be updated as needed.
- (3) The mediation program shall be governed by the "Procedures of the Mediation Program for the Southern District of New York," which sets forth specific and more detailed information regarding the mediation program, and which is available on the Court's official website (www.nysd.uscourts.gov) or from the Mediation Office.
- (4) In no event is the scheduling of mediation to interfere with any scheduling order of the Court.

(c) **Consideration of Mediation** In all civil cases eligible for mediation pursuant to paragraph (d), each party shall consider the use of mediation and shall report to the assigned Judge at the initial Rule 16(b) case management conference, or subsequently, whether the party believes mediation may facilitate the resolution of the lawsuit. Judges are encouraged to note the

availability of the mediation program before, at, or after the initial Rule 16(b) case management conference.

(d) Entry into the Program

- (1) All civil cases other than social security, habeas corpus, and tax cases are eligible for mediation, whether assigned to Manhattan or White Plains.
- (2) The Board of Judges may, by Administrative Order, direct that certain specified categories of cases shall automatically be submitted to the mediation program. The assigned District Judge or Magistrate Judge may issue a written order exempting a particular case with or without the request of the parties.
- (3) For all other cases, the assigned District Judge or Magistrate Judge may determine that a case is appropriate for mediation and may order that case to mediation, with or without the consent of the parties, before, at, or after the initial Rule 16(b) case management conference. Alternatively, the parties should notify the assigned Judge at any time of their desire to mediate.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Local Civil Rule 83.9 has been revised to refer to the “Procedures of the Mediation Program for the Southern District of New York.” This revision is intended to increase flexibility in the administration of the Mediation Program.